VIDYA BHAVAN, BALIKA VIDYAPEETH

SHAKTI UTTHAN ASHRAM, LAKHISARAI, PIN:-811311

SUBJECT:- PHYSICS

CLASS:- IXTH

DATE:- 16/05/XXI

SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN

CHAPTER 1. (MOTION)(BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)

1. A stone is thrown in a vertically upward direction with a velocity of 5 m s⁻¹. If the acceleration of the stone during its motion is 10 m s⁻² in the downward direction, what will be the height attained by the stone and how much time will it take to reach there?

Answer: Given Initial velocity of stone, u=5 m s⁻¹, Downward of negative Acceleration, a= 10 m s⁻²

we know that 2 as= $v^2 - u^2$

Therefore, Height attained by the stone, $s = \frac{0^2}{5^2} \times (-10) m$ = $\frac{-25}{-20} m$ = 1.25 m Also we know that final velocity, v= u + at or, Time, $t = \frac{v-u}{a}$ Therefore, Time, t taken by stone to attain the height, $s = \frac{0-5}{-10 s}$ = 0.5 s

2. A motorboat starting from rest on a lake accelerates in a straight line at a constant rate of 3.0 m s⁻² for 8.0 s. How far does the boat travel during this time?

Answer: Given Initial velocity of motorboat, u = 0

Acceleration of motorboat, a = 3.0 m s⁻²

Time under consideration, t = 8.0 s

Distance, $s = ut + (1/2)at^2$

Therefore, distance travel by motorboat = $0 \times 8 + (1/2)3.0 \times 82$

= (1/2) x 3 x 8 x 8 m

= 96 m